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Oracle Solaris 11 Customer Maintenance Lifecycle

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Oracle Solaris, Systems

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Agenda

- Image Packaging System (IPS)
- Solaris Maintenance Overview
 - Solaris 10 Maintenance
 - Solaris 11 Maintenance
- Solaris 11 Maintenance Policies
- Q&A



Image Packaging System (IPS)

- Used in Solaris 11, Oracle Solaris Cluster 4.x, etc.
- Single tier packaging architecture
 - Replaces old SVR4-based 2-tier packaging and patch architecture used in Solaris 10 and earlier
 - Eliminates the deficiencies of the old architecture
 - No error prone hand crafted pre- or post-install scripts
 - No need to recurse patch dependency trees
 - Leverages ZFS Root snapshots to create Boot Environments
 - 'beadm' can be viewed as enhanced, integrated Live Upgrade
 - Packages downloaded from a Repository or ISO image on MOS
 - Only the applicable change delta subset is downloaded from 'fat' packages containing SPARC, x86, all locales, etc.



Solaris Maintenance Overview

**10 of the 10
Top Banks
Run SPARC Solaris**

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Solaris Maintenance Overview



- Proactive Maintenance

- Time for pre-deployment testing

- Identify configuration specific issues with 3rd party & home grown apps
- Solaris Binary Compatibility Guarantee minimizes issues

- Major Proactive Maintenance Windows

- Often associated with hardware roll-out or other major upgrades

- Minor Proactive Maintenance Windows

- Planned bug fix updates
- Prevention is better (and much cheaper) than cure

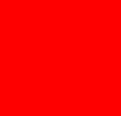
- Reactive Maintenance

- Break/fix situations or to address security vulnerabilities

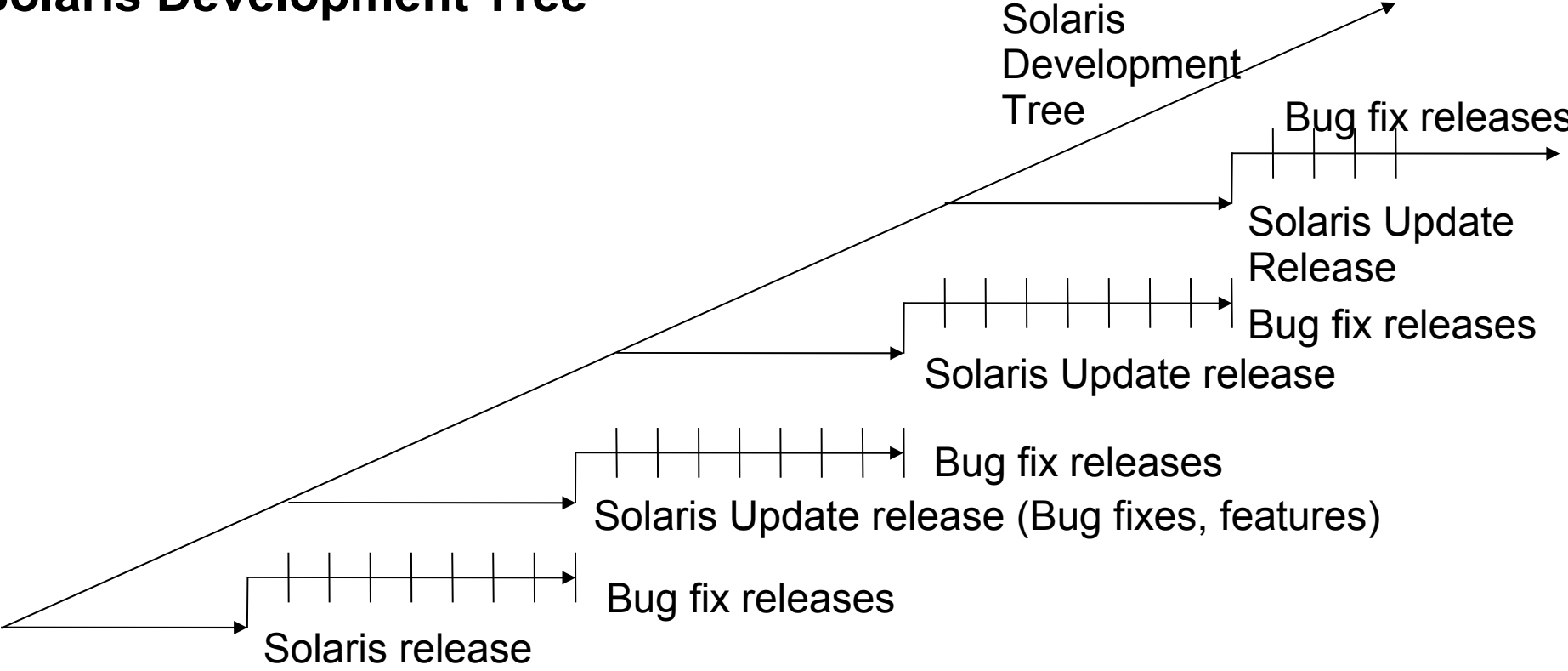
- Little time for pre-deployment test

Solaris Maintenance Overview

- All changes made to Solaris tip-of-tree source code
 - Implies the more frequent the proactive maintenance, the smaller the change delta will be in reactive maintenance situations
- Solaris Updates typically released once or twice a year
 - Hardware support
 - Software enhancements
 - Includes many new bug fixes and all accumulated bug fixes
- Customer Service Request bug fixes released in between Solaris Updates
- Interim Diagnostics & Relief (IDRs)
 - Provide issue diagnostics or interim relief until final bug fix available

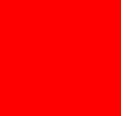


Solaris Development Tree

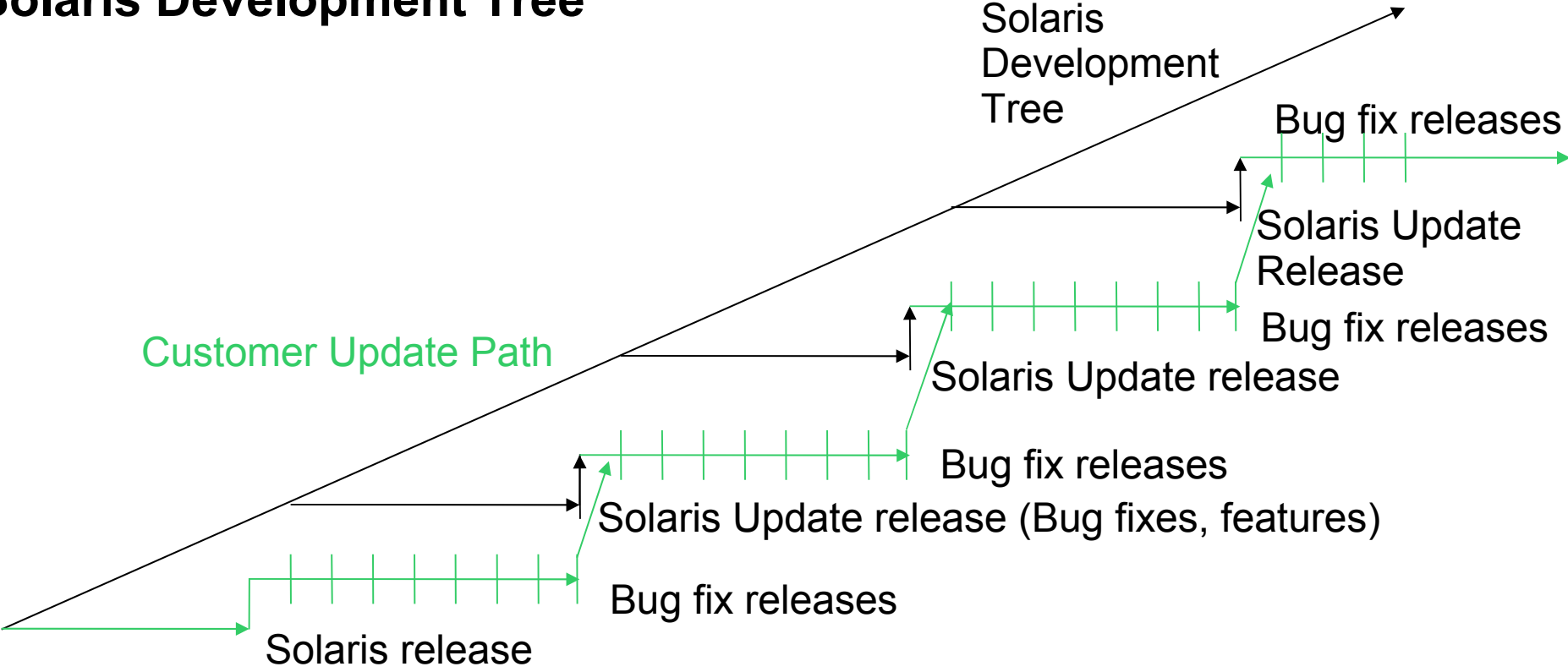


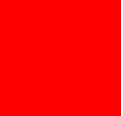
Solaris Maintenance Overview

- Solaris 11 Process Enhancement
 - Eliminated hiatus on release of critical bug fixes to customers during the pre-release phase of each Update once content finalized
 - Critical customer fixes can be included in the final SRUs before an Update release
 - Implies Update is not a complete bug fix superset of the final SRUs preceding it.
 - The SRU after the Update release will be a superset of the preceding SRUs and the Update release
 - Update path from final SRUs preceding an Update release is to the SRU after the Update release

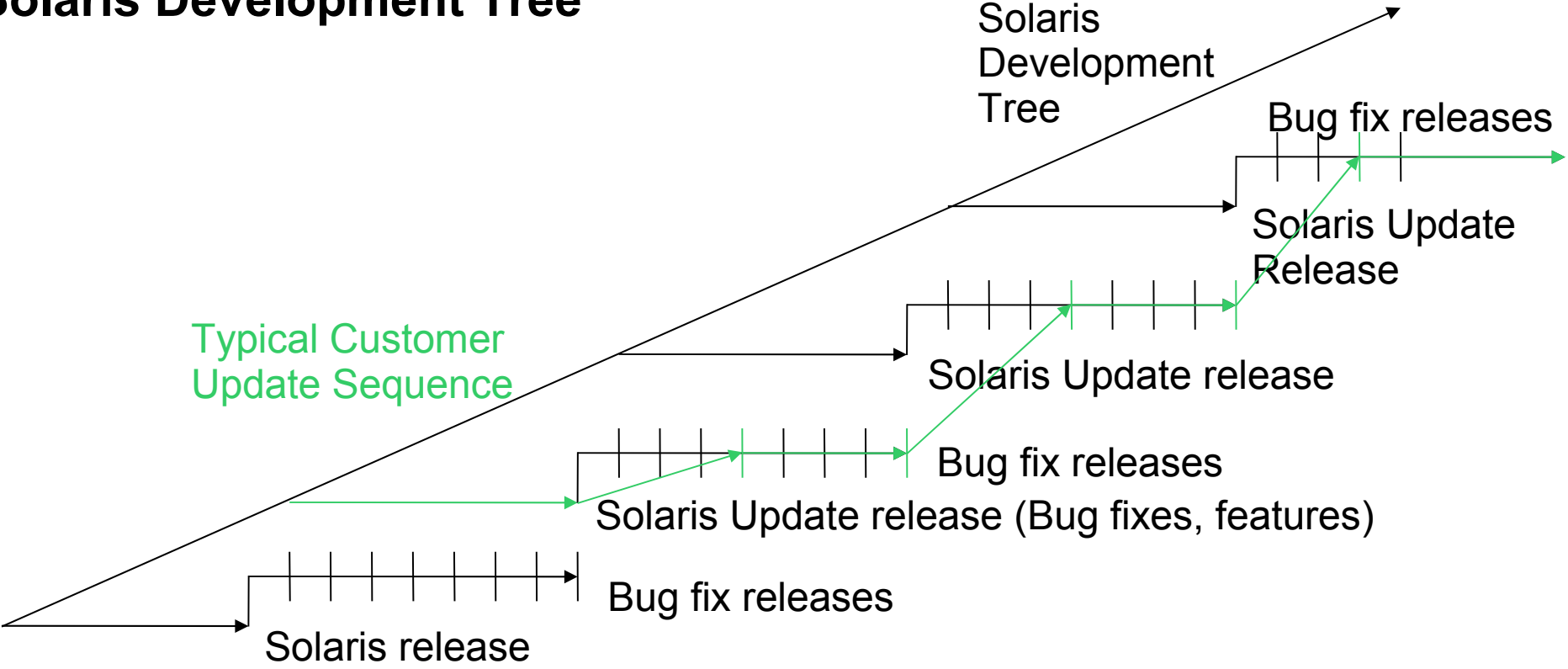


Solaris Development Tree





Solaris Development Tree



Solaris 10 Maintenance Overview

- Solaris 10 Updates typically released once or twice a year
 - Intensely tested
 - Some significant enhancements delivered:
 - ZFS, Trusted Extensions, Secure By Default, NewBoot, OPL, Zones enhancements
 - Large Kernel patches associated with each Update
 - Kernel patch “rejuvenation” provides discrete change between Updates – see https://blogs.oracle.com/patch/entry/solaris_10_kernel_patchid_progression
 - Includes many new bug fixes and all accumulated bug fixes
 - Provides high quality stepping stones to new and improved functionality

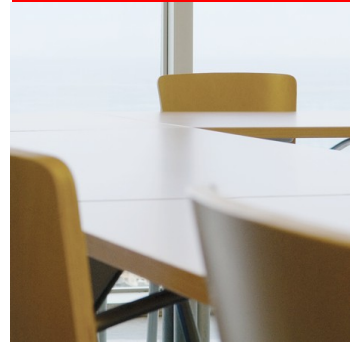


Solaris 10 Maintenance Overview

- Recommend customers:
 - Upgrade to the latest Update release + Recommended Patchset in major proactive maintenance windows
 - Apply the Recommended Patchset in minor maintenance windows
 - Apply the appropriate patches to address the specific issue(s) in reactive maintenance break/fix situations
- But customers can apply any combination of patches in both proactive and reactive maintenance situations
 - Such “Dim Sum” or “a la Carte” patching results in unique software combinations
 - Resultant issues may be unique, which may take longer to debug & fix
 - Results in a sub-optimal customer experience

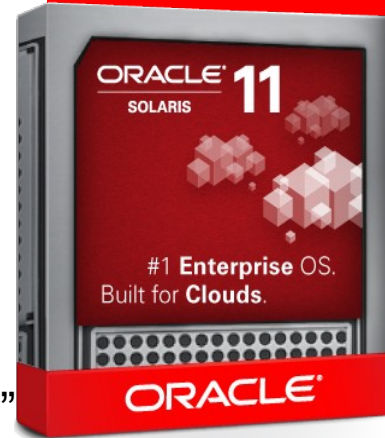
Solaris 11 Maintenance Overview

- Solaris 11 Updates typically released once or twice a year
 - Intensely tested
 - Some significant enhancements may be delivered
 - Hardware support
 - Software enhancements
 - Existing packages updated
 - May introduce new packages
 - Includes many new bug fixes and all accumulated bug fixes
 - Provides high quality stepping stones to new and improved functionality
 - Sound familiar ? It's the same concept as Solaris 10.



Solaris 11 Maintenance Overview

- Monthly bug fix Support Repository Updates (SRUs) released
 - Equivalent to Solaris 10 OS Recommended Patchset
 - Want to avoid replacing “dim sum” patching with “dim sum” packaging
 - Customers should apply an SRU as a unit in proactive maintenance windows
 - Provides limited number of Solaris baselines
 - Issues less likely to be unique, “safety in numbers” effect
 - Better customer experience
 - Customers may still minimize / “harden” systems



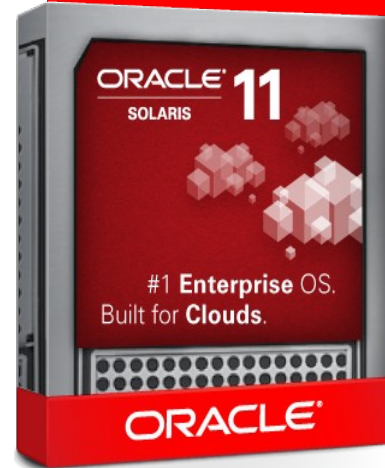
Solaris 11 Maintenance Overview

- Every third SRU is released on the quarterly Critical Patch Update (CPU) date in line with Oracle standards
 - Analogous to the Solaris 10 OS Recommended Patchset being renamed as the CPU
 - Publication of security vulnerabilities coincides with CPU release schedule
 - CVE & CVSS scores documented (Doc 1446033.1)
 - CPUs released for various layers of the Oracle stack on the Tuesday closest to the 17th of January, April, July, and October
 - Provides a set cadence enabling customers to schedule proactive maintenance windows



Solaris 11 Maintenance Overview

- Recommend customers:
 - Apply the latest SRU in all proactive maintenance windows
 - Apply the appropriate SRU or FOSS/Userland/Desktop packages to fix specific issue(s) in reactive maintenance situations
- Want customers to run on a Solaris baseline as:
 - Intensely tested as a unit by Oracle prior to release
 - Tried and tested by other customers post release
 - “Safety in numbers effect”, issues less likely to be unique, debugged & fixed faster
 - Improved customer experience
 - Less administration, fewer issues, lower TCO



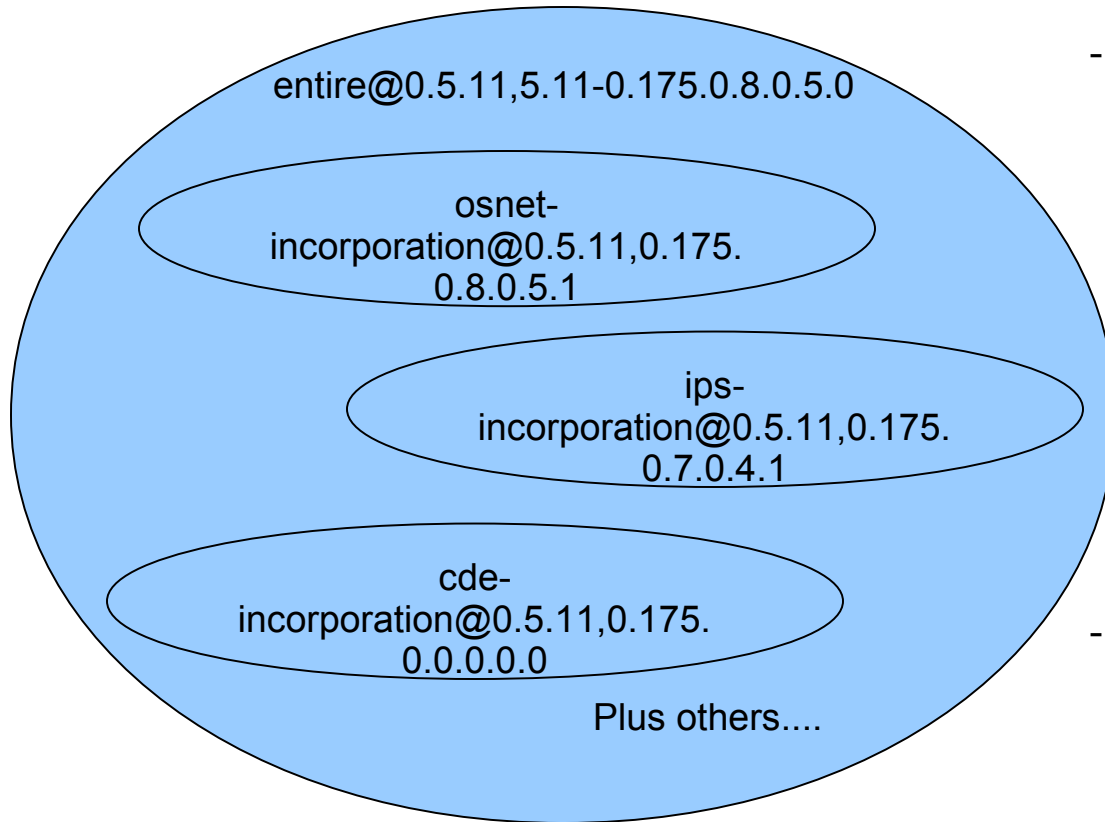
Solaris 11 Maintenance Policies



Solaris 11 Maintenance Policies

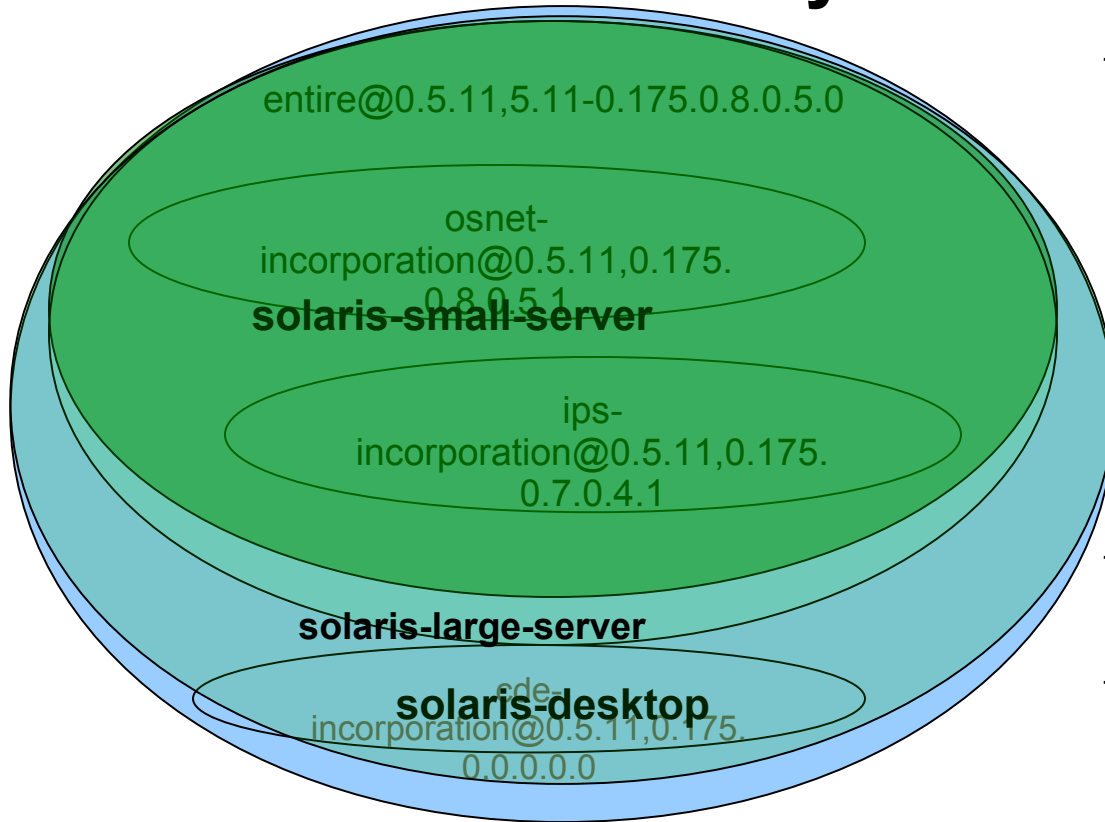
- Proactive Maintenance
 - Update Solaris 11 as a unit in scheduled maintenance windows
 - Update to an Update release or SRU every 6, 9, 12, or at a minimum every 24 months
 - Provide well defined, intensely tested Solaris baselines
- Reactive Maintenance
 - Apply the SRU which fixes the issue
 - FOSS/Userland/Desktop packages can be updated independently, if needed
 - Want customers to come back onto a Solaris baseline over time, so the baseline concept doesn't unravel

Solaris 11 Granularity – IPS Perspective



- IPS Incorporations constrain the versions of packages which can be installed together:
 - “entire” is the overall incorporation which defines the baseline version of Solaris
 - “osnet-incorporation” defines the versions of the Kernel, system libraries, and associated commands
 - “ips-incorporation” defines the versions of the packaging software
- Packages which are not essential to the integrity of the system can be unlocked from their incorporation and updated independently

Solaris 11 Granularity – Install Perspective



- There are 3 Solaris install groups currently available:
 - “solaris-small-server” is the minimum install group
 - Use where security is paramount
 - Additional packages can be added as needed
 - “solaris-large-server” is a superset of “solaris-small-server”, containing additional utilities (See Appendix)
 - “solaris-desktop” provides a Desktop environment
- “solaris-small-server” & “solaris-large-server” refer to the size of the Solaris installation, not the size of the server!
- Installing an SRU updates just the packages installed plus explicitly required dependencies
 - it doesn't add unnecessary packages

Solaris 11 Maintenance

- FOSS and Userland Components
 - Plan to keep in sync with community where possible
 - Solaris uses utilities like Apache, perl, Java, *sh, etc.
- Desktop
 - Plan to keep in sync with Oracle Linux
 - Can update *Office, Thunderbird, Mozilla, Gnome, etc., independently of Solaris & each other – see Appendix



Solaris 11 Policies – Proactive Maintenance

- Recommend customers update to a Solaris Update/SRU baseline at least every 12 months
 - Well defined, intensely tested baselines
 - SRUs for an Update cease when the next Update is released
- Customers must be on a Solaris Update/SRU baseline within 24 months of current to get discrete IDRs or packages for bug fixes in reactive maintenance situations
 - The 24 month limit recognizes that some customer legitimately have proactive maintenance cycles lasting more than 12 months

Solaris 11 Policies – Reactive Maintenance

- Recommend customers update to a Solaris Update/SRU baseline at least every 12 months
 - Will create IDRs on any baseline within 24 months of current
 - Customer gets discrete change if policy followed – **Carrot**
 - Not a radical change, as for Solaris 10, 86% of IDRs are based on patches less than 12 months old (see appendix)
 - IDRs will be created on request for subsequent Updates/SRUs as required, if the issue isn't already fixed in an Update/SRU
 - As with Solaris 10 and below, support for an IDR ceases once the final fix becomes available

Solaris 11 Policies – Reactive Maintenance

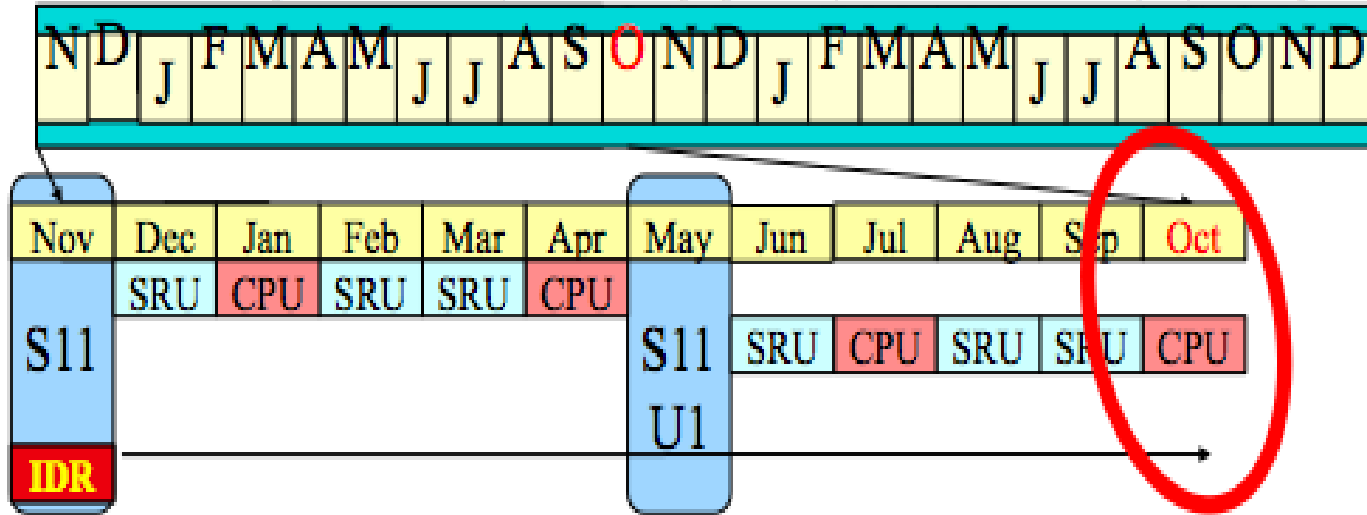
- All packages released will depend upon the 24 month old Solaris Update/SRU baseline
 - Applying an IDR or any other package auto-updates the baseline if it's more than 24 months old
 - Ensures the baseline is kept reasonably up to date
 - If customer on a baseline older than 24 months, issues will still be analyzed
 - Reactive maintenance granularity of change for IDRs:
 - Baseline < 12 months old: Relief IDR
 - Baseline > 24 months old: Baseline + Relief IDR
 - Any level: Diagnostic IDR

Solaris 11 Policies – Reactive Maintenance

- All fixes are putback to the top-of-tree source code
 - The more the customer keeps up to date with proactive maintenance, the more discrete the change in reactive maintenance situations – **Carrot**
- Proactive maintenance policy ensures customers return to a Solaris baseline in due course

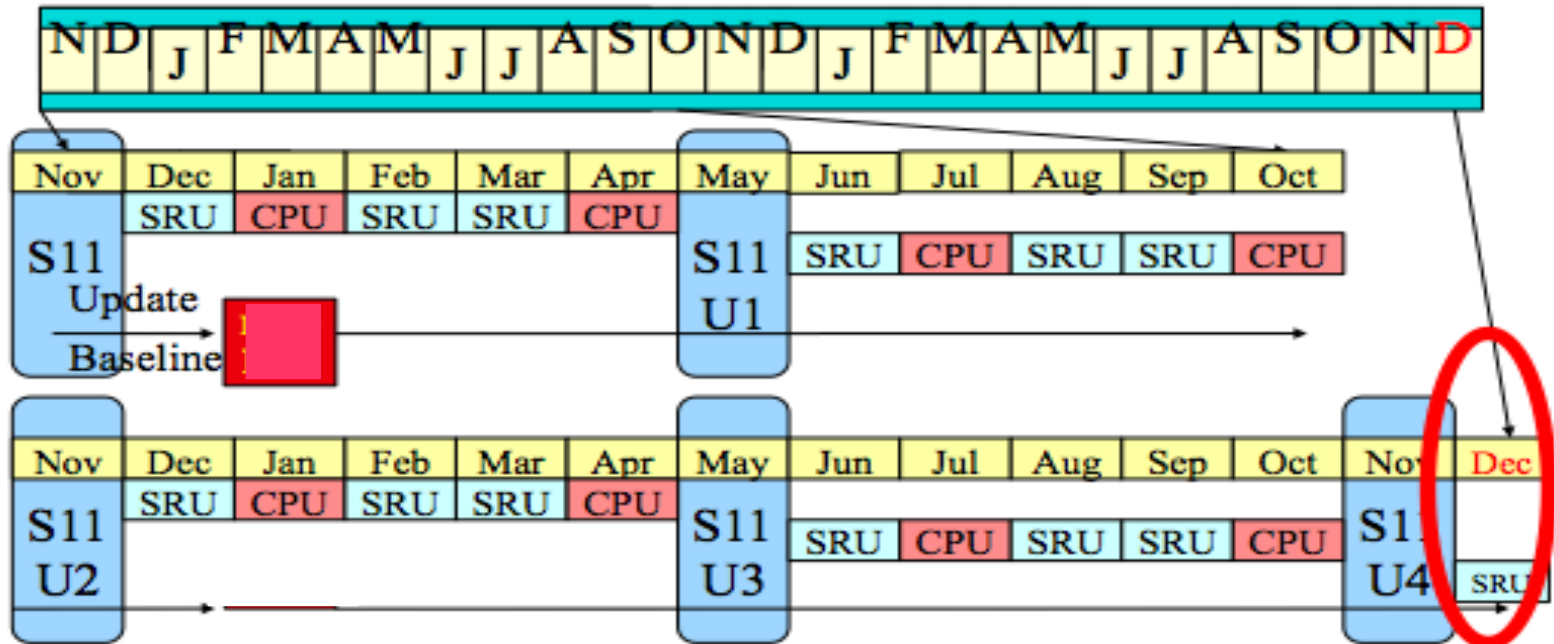
Example 1: Assume “today” is a year after Solaris 11 releases Can still get discrete IDR for any baseline

Dates and update intervals are for illustrative purposes only and are not indicative of any roadmap



Example 2: Assume its 26 months after Solaris 11 release IDR dependency auto-updates Baseline to 24 month boundary

Dates and update intervals are for illustrative purposes only and are not indicative of any roadmap



IPS IDR (Interim Diagnostics or Relief)

- IDRs provide diagnostics or interim relief until fix available
- Each IDR is designed for a specific customer on a specific baseline
 - Only the customer(s) for whom it is designed can install the IDR
 - Maintains safety as IDRs may be toxic to other customers
- IPS now auto-supersedes an IDR when a fix is available in an SRU/Update release
 - No need to manually remove the IDR, which was the case on Solaris 10
 - IPS automatically does it for you

Q & A

For More Information / Try Out Today



- Product overview and download
 - oracle.com/solaris
- Oracle Technology Network
 - oracle.com/technetwork/server-storage/solaris11
- System administrators community
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Appendix

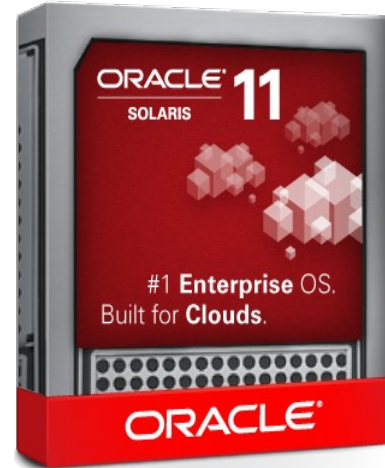
IPS facets and freeze/unfreeze



- To update or freeze a non-core Solaris package
 - See ``man pkg(1)`` and <http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/articles/servers-storage-admin/tips-maintain-s11-sru-1627108.html>
 - A pkg can be updated independently if it has a “facet” enabling it to be unlocked from its “incorporation”
 - `pkg contents -m userland-incorporation | grep 'version-lock'`
 - Alternatively, the pkg can be frozen to prevent it from been updated with the rest of Solaris
 - If the pkg has no facet lock, it cannot be updated or frozen independently of its “incorporation”
 - Reverse such constraints and update when you want to bring such packages back in line with a Solaris baseline
 - Return to an Update/SRU baseline when possible

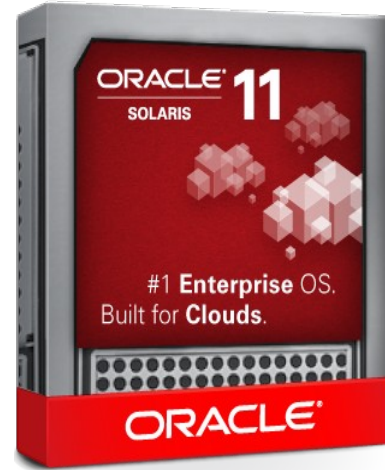
Solaris 11 Granularity

- To ensure integrity, there are several indivisible sets of pkgs within Solaris which cannot be unlocked from their incorporations using facets and which must be installed as units
 - The osnet-incorporation, which is core Solaris
 - Only 13 of the current 1,007 packages can be unlocked
 - The IPS packaging consolidation
 - Parts of the “X” consolidation which currently delivers 310 packages, of which 102 cannot be unlocked



Solaris 11 Granularity

- Nerdy details:
 - The indivisible Solaris “core” currently consists of 1,007 packages in the “osnet-incorporation”
 - ``pkg contents -m consolidation/osnet/osnet-incorporation | grep facet.version.lock`` shows the 13 packages which can be unlocked from the incorporation
 - To see which install group was used to install a system, run ``pkg list | grep group`` and look for “solaris-small-server”, “solaris-large-server” or “solaris-desktop”
 - Please note these group packages can be removed, so don't rely on them being there!



Solaris 11 Granularity

- Nerdy details:

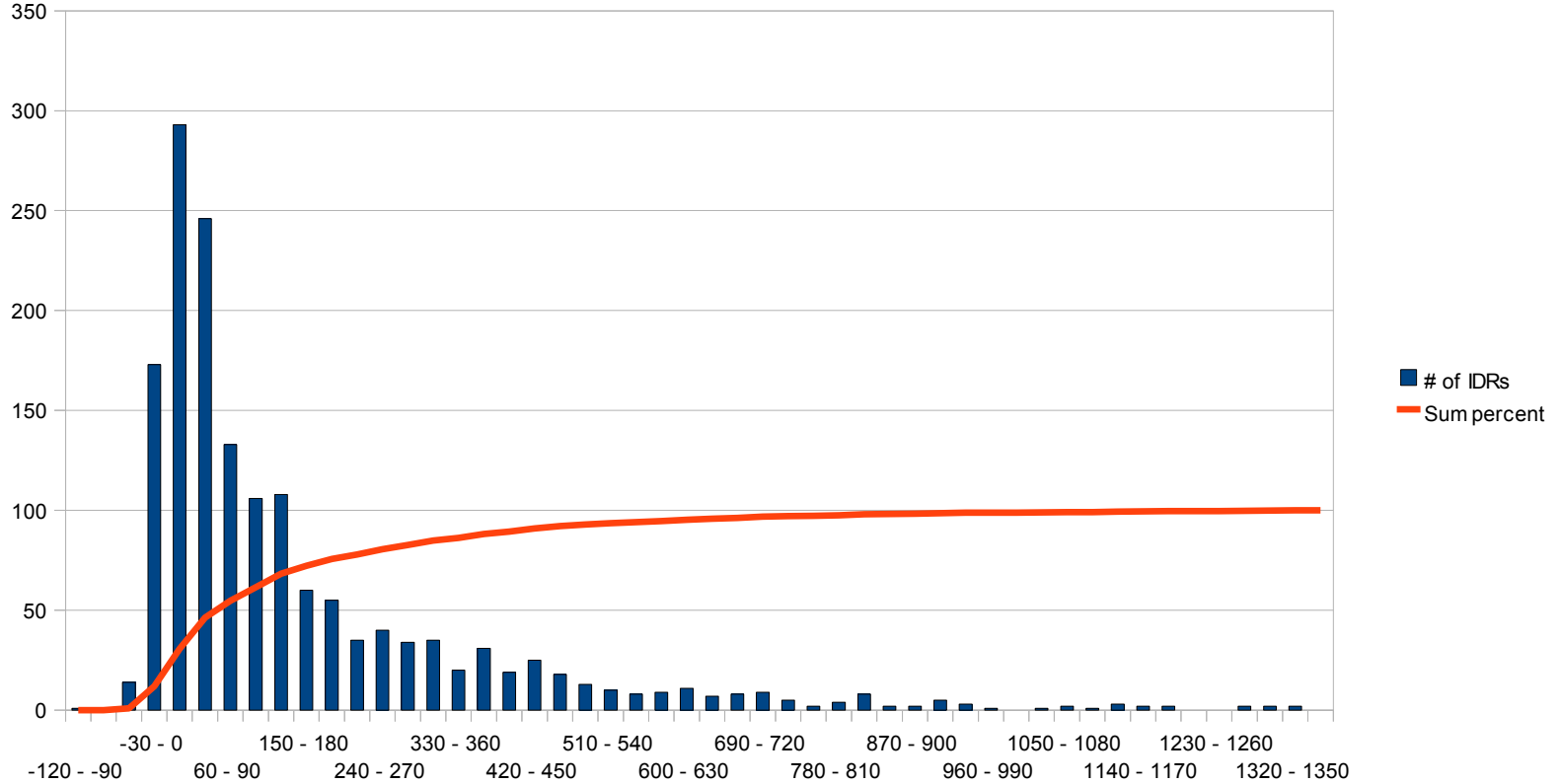
- The following additional packages are currently in the “solaris-large-server” install group compared to the “solaris-small-server” install group:

- archiver/gnu-tar, crypto/pwgen, developer/build/gnu-make, developer/build/make, diagnostic/ddu/text, diagnostic/spray, diagnostic/top, editor/nano, file/filesync, file/gnu-coreutils, file/gnu-findutils, file/slocate, install/installadm, install/js2ai, media/cdrw, media/dvd+rw-tools, network/finger, network/ftp, network/ftp/ncftp, network/legacy-remote-utilities, network/netcat, network/talk, network/telnet, network/whois, package/rpm, package/svr4, print/cups, print/cups/filter/foomatic-db, print/cups/filter/foomatic-db-engine, print/cups/hal-cups-utils, print/filter/a2ps, print/filter/hplip, print/lp/filter/foomatic-rip, print/psutils, security/bart, service/diagnostic/spray, service/key-management/sun-fire-15000, service/network/comsat, service/network/dhcp/isc-dhcp, service/network/dns/bind, service/network/dns/mdns, service/network/finger, service/network/ftp, service/network/legacy-network-services, service/network/legacy-remote-utilities, service/network/load-balancer/ilb, service/network/ntp, service/network/slp, service/network/talk, service/network/telnet, service/network/ftpp, service/storage/rmt, shell/expect, shell/pipe-viewer, shell/tcsh, shell/which, shell/zsh, system/accounting/legacy-accounting, system/boot/wanboot, system/data/terminfo, system/domain-configuration/sparc-enterprise, system/domain-service-processor-protocol/sparc-enterprise, system/dynamic-reconfiguration, system/embedded-fcode-interpretter, system/fault-management/snmp-notify, system/fru-id, system/hal, system/install/tests, system/kernel/dynamic-reconfiguration/i86pc, system/kernel/dynamic-reconfiguration/sun-fire-15000, system/kernel/dynamic-reconfiguration/sun-fire-880, system/kernel/dynamic-reconfiguration/ultra-enterprise-10000, system/kernel/inter-domain/ultra-enterprise-10000, system/management/snmp/net-snmp, system/management/snmp/net-snmp/addons, system/management/snmp/net-snmp/documentation, system/network-console, system/network/ppp, system/network/ppp/pppdump, system/network/ppp/tunnel, system/storage/media-volume-manager, system/storage/removable-media, system/xopen/xcu4, system/xopen/xcu6, system/zones/brand/brand-solaris10, terminal/screen, text/gawk, text/gnu-diffutils, text/gnu-grep, text/gnu-patch, text/gnu-sed, text/groff, text/texinfo



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Age of patches on which S10 IDRs are based – 80% less than 9 months



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