



Introduction to Programming

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Systems

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Question 1a

Which of the following are names of variables

ZZZZ

oscar_6

_dollar\$

00oo

O00oo



Rules for the Names of Variables

- The only characters allowed are numbers, letters and underscore
- A name cannot begin with a number



Question 1b

What are the final values of a, b, c, d, e?

- $a = 2, b = 7, c = 3$
- $d = 4$
- $e = 4$
- $a = a + a * a$
- $b = 3 * b // 4$
- $c = \text{round}(400 / (300 / (200 / (11 \% c))))$, 2)
- $d = 10 ** d * 3 ** 2$
- $e = \text{round}(34 / e + 6)$ # up or down?



Operators and Precedence

- Exponentiation: **
- Times: * Real Division: / Integer Division: // Remainder: %
- Plus: + Minus: -

- Apply the highest precedence operator first:
- $25\%2^{**}3$
- If the operators have the same precedence then evaluate left to right:
- $25\%3*8$



Question 2b

- A shop sells two products, A and B.

Product	Purchased by shop	Sold by shop	Discount
A	£120	£190	10%
B	£200	£310	20%

Write Python code to compare the profits made by selling each type.



Question 2b Continued

Product	Purchased by shop	Sold by shop	Discount
A	£120	£190	10%
B	£200	£310	20%

`profitA = sellingPriceA*(1-discountA/100)-purchasePriceA`

`profitB = sellingPriceB*(1-discountB/100)-purchasePriceB`

`if profitA > profitB :`

`print("A makes more profit")`

`elif profitA < profitB :`

`print("B makes more profit")`

`else:`

`print("A and B make the same profit")`



Question 3

Find five errors in the code

1. `orPrice = input("enter original price:")`
2. `if onSale :`
3. `discount = 0.9`
4. `sellPrice = trunc(orPrice*discount, 0)`
5. `print("orPrice (plus fee) is", orPrice+1)`
6. `print("Sell price is"+sellPrice)`



Question 4a

- Write code to read from the keyboard the number of cans. Assign the number to numCans. Set numCans to 0 if the number is negative and include an error message

```
numCans = int(input("Enter number of cans:"))  
if numCans < 0 :  
    numCans = 0  
    print("Error: negative number")
```



Question 4b

```
numCans = int(input("Enter number of cans:"))
```

- What is the value of numCans in the following cases

Enter number of cans: 5 # 5

Enter number of cans: 7.2 # error

Enter number of cans: -4 # 0



Question 4c (i)

- What is printed when the following code is run?

```
print(float("3e1")+int(-7.6))
```

```
"3e1"          # "30.0"
```

```
float("3e1")   # 30.0
```

```
int(-7.6)      # -7
```

```
23.0          # number printed
```



Question 4c (ii) and (iii)

```
print("smart"[2]*3+5*'kids'[-2])
```

```
"smart"[2]    # "a"
```

```
'kids'[-2]   # "d"
```

```
"a"*3+5*"d"  # "aaadddd"
```

what is
printed
when the
code
is run?

```
print(len("\\"come on!\\\\"))
```

```
"..."      # quote marks for a string
```

```
\"          # the character quote
```

```
\\         # the character backslash
```



Question 4c (iv) and (v)

- What is printed when the following code is run?

```
print(float(str(-4*2)))    # -8.0
```

```
bbk=["Birkbeck", "University", "Of", "London"]  
print(bbk[1][-2])        # t
```



Question 5a

- Identify the format specifier, the format string and the string format operator:

```
price = 1.229
```

```
print("Price per litre: %5.2f" % price)
```



Question 5b

- Describe the print out when the following statements are executed. Use ~ for a space.

```
percentage = 69.9763
```

```
print("A:", "%d" % percentage)
```

```
A:~69 # %d implies integer
```

```
print("B:", "%.f" % temperature)
```

```
B:~70 # %.f implies no decimal places
```



Question 5b Continued

- What is printed? Use ~ to indicate a space

```
percentage = 69.9763
```

```
print("C:", "%s" % percentage)
```

```
C:~69.9763    # %s implies string
```

```
print("D:", "%06.2f" % percentage)
```

```
D:~069.98     # %06.2f implies a field of width 6
```

```
# two decimal places and 0 padding on the left
```




Question 6a

- Evaluate the following expressions

$$4 > 7$$

$$4 == 4$$

$$2 < 5 > 6$$

$$4 != 5$$



Question 6b

- Design a Boolean expression that has the value True if at least one of the three variables x , y , z has the value 0. Otherwise the expression has the value False.

$$x == 0 \text{ or } y == 0 \text{ or } z == 0$$



Question 6c

- Write out the truth table for the Boolean expression $A \text{ and } \text{not}(B)$

A	B	$A \text{ and } \text{not}(B)$
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	1
1	1	0



Question 7a

- What is printed when the following code is run firstly with x equal to 4 and secondly with x equal to 5?

```
if x == 4 :  
    print("a")  
else :  
    if x == 5 :  
        print("b")  
        print("c")
```



Question 7b

- What is printed when the following code is run firstly with x equal to 4 and secondly with x equal to 5?

```
if x == 4 :  
    print("a")  
else :  
    if x == 5 :  
        print("b")  
print("c")
```



Question 7c

- Write code for an if statement that prints True if x has a value of type float in the range 0 to 4 inclusive and that prints False otherwise.

```
if x >= 0 and x <= 4 :  
    print(True)  
else :  
    print(False)
```



Question 8a

- What is printed when the following code is executed?

```
i = 0
sum = 0
while i <= 2 :
    sum = sum+i
    i = i+1
print(sum)                # 0+1+2 = 3
```



Question 8b

Replace the while loop in Q8a with a for loop

```
i = 0
sum = 0
while i <= 2 :
    sum = sum+i
    i = i+1
print(sum)
```

```
sum = 0
for i in range(3) :
    sum = sum+i
print(sum)
```




Question 9a

- Identify the function header and the function body in this code

```
def cubeVolume(sideLength) :  
    if (sideLength <= 0 :  
        return 0  
    volume = sideLength**3  
    return volume
```



Question 9b

What is printed by the following code?

```
sideLength = 2  
print(cubeVolume(-1))  
sideLength = 3  
print(cubeVolume(sideLength))
```



Question 9c

- Write a function `cubeVolume2` that requests a value of `sideLength` and returns the volume of the cube

```
def cubeVolume2():  
    s = input("Please enter the side length:")  
    sideLength = float(s)  
    return cubeVolume(sideLength)
```



Question 10a, b

- Write out all the values of i such that the following code is executed without error.

```
ls = [3, 1, 7, 2]  
print(ls[i])
```

- List the values of i such that i and $ls[i]$ have the same value.



Question 10c

- What is printed when the following code is executed?

```
ls = [3, 1, 7, 2]  
ls.insert(2, 3)  
print(ls)
```